reported the ice to be solid or dammed from McGulpin's Point to the main-land. "Flora" arrived at Mackinaw Island on the 21st; on this date the north channel was clear of ice. The propeller "Atlantic," the first boat of the season, passed through the south passage and no observations were made after that date. on the 25th. On the 28th the straits were open to navigation.

Green Bay on the 26th.

3d and 4th and from the 6th to 9th; ice dam on the 13th, the Black river broke up on the 8th.

Detroit river.—Detroit, Michigan: drift-ice in river on 1st,

2d, 3d, 5th, 7th, 8th, and from 11th to 17th.

Lake Superior.—Marquette, Michigan, 19th: ice left the harbor during the morning of this date.

Embarras and Wolf rivers.—Embarras, Wisconsin: ice in

the Embarras and Wolf rivers broke up on the 11th.

Red River of the North.—Moorhead, Minnesota: the ice broke up on the 9th, and on the 16th, the river was clear of ice. On the 19th, the steamer "Pluck" left for points down the river, being the first boat of the season.

Saint Vincent, Minnesota: the ice broke up on the 19th.

Mississipi river.—La Crosse, Wisconsin, 4th: the ice broke up and formed a dam below the city, which broke during the morning of the 5th. The first steamer ("Minneapolis") of the season arrived from Saint Louis on the 6th.

Saint Paul, Minnesota, 6th: the ice-dam which formed below Wabasba street broke during the afternoon, the ice passing away without damage. The first steamer ("Mary Norton") from

Saint Louis arrived on the 20th.

Missouri river.—Fort Stevenson, Dakota: on the 9th, the ice broke along the shores, but remained firm in the channel. During the evening of the 10th, the ice broke up, but became dammed on the afternoon of the 11th. During the 11th and 12th the river rose rapidly, the ice causing considerable dam-The ice-dam broke during the evening of the 12th. first steamer ("Eclipse") of the season departed on the 18th. Tobacco Garden, Dakota, 15th: navigation resumed; first

departure on this date.

Bismarck, Dakota, 10th: the ice broke at 2.30 p. m. of this date, and passed out without damage.

Fort Bennett, Dakota, 16th: the steamer "Roseburg," the first boat of the season, arrived at this date.

Fort Buford, Dakota: ice broke in the river at this place on

the 10th. Fort Sully, Dakota: the first steamer of the season arrived

from the lower Missouri on the 16th.

Miscellaneous.—Pointe de Lac, Province of Quebec, 16th: the ice on Lake Saint Petre is still solid. At Three rivers, Province of Quebec, the ice was firm on the 16th, and at Batiscan, Province of Quebec, the ice broke up on that date.

Saint John's, Newfoundland, 28th: the Mississippi and Dominion Company's steamer "Ontario" passed Cape Race on the evening of the 27th, being the first ocean steamer sighted this season, with the exception of boats calling at Saint John's.

during the night of the 9th.

disappeared from the lake on the 17th.

TEMPERATURE OF WATER.

The temperature of water as observed in rivers and harbors at the Signal Service stations, with the average depth at p. m., in the form of a white glow, with several long narrow of the air at the various stations, are given in the table below. Observations were interrupted by ice at the following stations: the 3d were Saint Vincent, Minnesota, and Dayton, Washing-Mackinaw City, Michigan, from 1st, to 17th, and from 21st to ton Territory. At the latter station, it was described as

ice began to loosen along the shores but remained solid in the 30th; Milwaukee, Wisconsin, from 1st to 15th; Buffalo, New channel. The steamer "Algomah" arrived on the 17th and York, from 1st to 6th; Escanaba, Michigan, from 1st to 18th; Chicago, Illinois, from 1st to 8th; Cleveland, Ohio, from 1st The steamers "City of Cleveland" and to 8th; Marquette, Michigan, from 1st to 18th; Detroit, Michigan, 1st, 2d, 13th, 14th, 15th; Duluth, Minnesota, from 1st to 7th. At Chicago, the thermometer was broken on the 25th,

the 25th. On the 28th the straits were open to navigation.

The highest observed temperatures of water during April,

Little Bay de Noquet.—Escavaba, Michigan: the bay became 1883, compared with those of April, 1882, show a decrease of clear of ice on the 24th and the tug "Shipman" arrived on the from 1° to 9° at stations along the Atlantic coast, between 25th. The first passenger steamer of the season arrived from Eastport, Maine, and Jacksonville, Florida, with the exception of the latter station, and Chincoteague, Virginia, where they Saint Clair river.—Port Huron, Michigan: floating ice on the were 1° higher than in April, 1882. A comparison of the lowest observed water temperatures at stations along the Atlanice measuring twenty nine inches in thickness. The ice in tic coast for the same periods, shows that, with the exception of Sandy Hook, New Jersey, and Portland, Maine, where they are a fraction of a degree higher, the temperatures are from 1° to 12°.5 lower than those of last year.

Temperature of Water for April, 1883.

STATION,	Temperature at bottom,		Range.	Average depth,	empera- the air ation.
	Max.	Min.		feet and inches.	Mean tempera- ture of the air at station.
	o	0	0	ft, in,	0
Alpena, Michigan*	41.3	30.5	10.8	IO II	35.1
Augusta, Georgia	70.0	58.0	12.0	13 0	64.5
Baltimore, Maryland	54 • 5	41.5	13.0	9 10	52.1
Block Island, Rhode Island	45.7	36.3	9.4	S II	42.6
Boston, Massachusetts	46.1	34.2	11.9	20 I	44.3
Buffalo, New York*	50.3	33.4	16.9	98	40,2
Cedar Keys, Florida	82.0	68.0	14.0	9 10	72.6
Charleston, South Carolina	68.o	57.9	10.1	40 0	64.0
Chicago, Illinois *	50.9	40.2	10.7	6 11	45.6
Chincoteague, Virginia	0.00	42.0	18.0	5 11	49.1
Cleveland, Ohio*	46.1	33.1	13.0	14 0	44.0
Detroit, Michigan*	47 - 5	34.0	13.5	23 5	46,2
Delaware Breakwater, Delaware	53.9	39.4	14.5	9 4	47.3
Duluth, Minnesota	42.3	34.2	8.1	15 4	40.3
Eastport, Maine	36.5	32.6	3.9	16 5	38.0
Escanaba, Michigan*	39.5	34.0	5.5	15 0	30.2
Galveston, Texas	75.0	61.0	14.0	13 8	70.6
Grand Haven, Michigan	56.1	37.1	19.0	19 0	44.4
Indianola, Texas	77.5	64.5	13.0	9 5	71.3
Jacksonville, Florida,	77.0	65.0	12.0	9 5 18 0	70.1
Key West, Florida	84.3	74.8	9.5	16 9	79.2
Mackinaw City, Michigan *	37.2	33.2	4.0	13 o	35.9
Marquette, Michigan *	38.0	37.0	1.0		36.9
Milwaukec, Wisconsin *	47.1	42.1	5.0	9 10	43.0
Mobile, Alabama	72.5	63.0	9.5	16 10	68.8
New Haven, Connecticut	50.3	36.1	14.2	14 10	44.2
New London, Connecticut	45.0	38.0	7.0	12 7	45.2
New York City	46.7	37.2	9-5	16 10	46.6
Norfolk, Virginia	61.0	47.0	14.0	17 0	55.8
Pensacola, Florida	75.8	65.9	9.9	18 3	68.9
Portland, Maine	40.7	34.5	6.2	18 5	44.7
Portland, Oregon	51.0	45.2	5.8	48 7	49.2
Provincetown, Massachusetts	46.5	34.5	12.0	14 o	41.8
Punta Rassa, Florida	85.0	76.6	8.4	11 4	75.1
Sandy Hook, New Jersey	46.5	42.8	3.7	1 6	46.6
San Francisco, California	56.5	52.4	4.1	29 I	52.4
Savannah, Georgia	68.4	57.0	11.4	12 11	67.7
Smithville, North Carolina	63.0	58.0	5.0	10 0	59.2
Toledo, Ohio	58.3	37.8	20.5	11 3	47.4
Wilmington, North Carolina	65.5	49.0	16.5	13 0	61.3

^{*}Observations incomplete. See text.

ATMOSPHERIC ELECTRICITY.

AURORAS.

The auroral display which occurred during the evening of April 3d, was generally observed in Canada, New England, the lower lake region, and at a few of the most northerly stations in the middle Atlantic states. At most of the stations where Bangor, Maine: the ice in Kenauskeag springs passed out this display was observed, it was of ordinary brilliancy. At Eastport, Maine, it was visible from 7 p. m. until the early Wicklow, Dakota: ice began to break up on the 14th and morning of the 4th, and consisted of a low arch extending from north-northwest to northeast. Several streamers of whitish color tinged with crimson appeared between the north and northeast.

At Freehold, New Jersey, this display was observed at 7.30 which the observations were made, and the mean temperature streamers. It faded away at 8.30 and reappeared at 10 p. m. The only western stations reporting auroras on the evening of resembling the morning twilight, and was observed between 10.30 p.m. of the 3d and 2 a.m. of the 4th. It was visible only in the northeast, the remainder of the sky being obscured by clouds. At Saint Vincent, Minnesota, auroral beams were visible from 9.30 a.m. until the morning of the 4th.

The most brilliant and widely observed display of the month was that which occurred during the evening of the 24th. Owing Eastern Gulf.—1st, 3d, 4th, 6th, 7th, 9th, 11th, 12th, 14th, to the cloudiness which prevailed in the New England states it 15th, 19th, 22d, 23d, 27th to 30th. was reported by but few stations in that section. At Escanaba, Michigan, it first appeared at 9.30 p. m., as an arch of pale yellow light changing rapidly to a bright yellowish green with beams extending toward the zenith. This display was especially noted for the southerly latitudes in which it was observed. It was seen at Nashville, Tennessee, at 7.50 p. m., as an arc of whitish light tinged with light blue which extending over 40° of the northern horizon and to an altitude of 9°. Several beams were observed between 8.15 and 8.25 p. m.

At Chapel Hill, North Carolina, it was observed as a faint

display from 8 to 9 p. m.

At Variety Mills, Virginia, the aurora was brilliant from 8.20 to 9 p. m., extending from north-northeast to north-northwest, with streamers reaching an altitude of from 18° to 20°. This display was also seen at Washington, District of Columbia, from 7.45 to 9 p. m. The most westerly stations reporting this aurora were Forts Assinniboine and Benton, Montana. At Fort Assinniboine, it was visible from 9.30 to 11 p. m., with bright streamers reaching an altitude of 45°. At Fort Benton, it was reported as a faint display from 8 to 11 p. m.

Displays of less extent and brilliancy were reported as fol-

1st.—At Kiantone, New York, and Bristol, New Hampshire.

2d.—Newport, Vermont.

4th.—Saint Vincent, Minnesota; Wicklow, Dakota, and at numerous stations in New England and Canada.

5th.—Escanaba, Michigan; Saint Vincent, Minnesota;

Manitowoc, Wisconsin.

6th.—Duluth, Minnesota; Murfreesborough, Tennessee. On this date the s. s. "Circassian," in N. 51° 30′, W. 30° 00′, saw northern lights showing brightly.

7th.—Franklin, Wisconsin; Escanaba, Michigan; Charlotte-

town, Prince Edward Island.

9th.—Kiantone, New York.

10th.—Sidney, Nova Scotia; Fredericton, New Brunswick.

15th.—Rochester, New York.

17th.—Fredericton, New Brunswick.

18th.—Bordentown, New Jersey; Eastport, Maine; Fort Benton, Montana.

19th.—Escanaba and East Tawas, Michigan; Cresco, Iowa. 25th.—Fredericton, New Brunswick; Gardiner and Dexter, Woodstock, Vermont; Franklin, Pennsylvania; Alpena and Escanaba, Michigan; Fort Assinniboine Montana.

26th.—Fredericton, New Brunswick; Dexter, Maine; Franklin, Wisconsin; Bismarck, Dakota; Saint Vincent, Minnesota. 27th.—Wicklow, Dakota; Toronto, Ontario; Woodstock, ${f Vermont.}$

28th.-Kiantone, New York.

29th.—Catawissa, Pennsylvania; Ionia, Michigan.

30th.—Charlottetown, Prince Edward Island; Franklin, Wisconsin.

ELECTRICAL PHENOMENA.

Pike's Peak, Colorado, 18th.—All metallic objects were tipped with electric light during the morning.

Yuma, Arizona, 12th and 20th.—The observer experienced severe shocks from contact with the anemometer wires to which no battery was attached.

THUNDER-STORMS.

Thunder-storms were reported in the various districts on the following dates:

New England .- 12th, 20th.

Middle Atlantic states .- 5th, 6th, 7th, 11th, 12th, 17th to 20th, 22d, 23d, 27th, 28th.

South Atlantic states.—1st, 2d, 5th, 6th, 7th, 9th, 11th, 12th, 15th, 16th, 19th, 22d, 23d, 24th, 26th, 28th, 29th, 30th.

Florida peninsula.—1st, 2d, 10th to 13th, 23d, 24th, 28th, 29th, 30th.

Western Gulf .- 3d to 8th, 10th, 11th, 13th, 14th, 15th, 18th, 19th, 21st, 22d, 23d, 26th to 30th.

Rio Grande valley.—5th, 6th, 26th, 28th, 29th.

Ohio valley and Tennessee.—4th to 7th, 9th to 15th, 19th, 21st, 22d, 23d, 26th, 27th, 28th, 30th.

Lower lakes.—5th, 10th, 11th, 13th, 15th, 16th, 19th, 27th, 28th.

Upper lakes .- 4th, 5th, 7th, 10th, 11th, 13th, 14th, 15th, 18th, 22d, 27th.

Extreme northwest.—9th, 10th, 11th, 17th, 20th.

Upper Mississippi valley.—3d to 7th, 9th to 15th, 19th, 21st, 22d, 23d, 27th, 28th.

Missouri valley.—3d, 4th, 5th, 9th to 14th, 18th, 20th, 21st, 22d, 26th, 27th, 29th, 30th.

Northern slope.—7th, 10th, 13th, 20th, 27th to 30th.

Middle slope. -3d, 4th, 5th, 9th, 11th to 14th, 20th, 21st, 22d, 25th, 26th, 27th, 29th, 30th.

Southern slope.—3d, 5th, 7th, 9th, 12th, 21st, 26th, 29th. Southern plateau.—6th, 26th, 28th, 29th. Northern plateau.—7th, 19th, 27th, 29th.

Thunder-storms were also reported from the following state and territory not included in the districts named above:-

California.—Fort Bidwell, 26th; San Diego, 3d.

Utah.—Salt Lake City, 4th.

The following instances of damage by lightning during thunder-storms have been reported:

Indianapolis, Indiana, 6th.-The building of the telephone exchange in this city was struck by lightning at 8 a.m. The tower where the wires centered was completely destroyed, entailing a loss of \$2,500.

New London, Connecticut, 12th.—During the thunder-storm of this date, several buildings were damaged by lightning.

Dedham, Massachusetts, 20th.—A church at this place was struck by lightning and damaged to the extent of \$2,400.

Catawissa, Pennsylvania, 20th.—A large paper-mill was struck by lightning and burned. Over one hundred cords of wood were destroyed. The loss in this vicinity is estimated at more than \$125,000.

OPTICAL PHENOMENA.

SOLAR HALOS.

Solar halos have been observed in the various districts on the following dates:

New England.—1st, 2d, 10th, 12th, 14th, 17th, 19th, 21st, 26th, 29th.

Middle Atlantic states .- 2d, 3d, 5th, 6th, 7th, 9th, 13th, 18th, 19th, 22d, 26th, 27th, 30th.

South Atlantic states.—3d, 4th, 6th, 7th, 9th, 12th to 15th, 19th, 22d, 24th.

Western Gulf.—3d, 5th, 12th, 17th, 18th, 22d, 23d, 25th, 29th. Ohio Valley and Tennessee.—3d, 4th, 6th, 8th to 14th, 17th, 18th, 19th, 21st, 22d, 24th, 26th, 27th, 28th.

Lower lakes.—1st, 2d, 3d, 13th, 17th, 18th, 21st, 23d, 25th, 26th.

Upper lakes.—1st, 7th, 8th, 11th, 12th, 13th, 17th, 18th, 20th, 23d to 26th.

Extreme northwest.—3d, 10th, 19th, 20th, 24th.

Upper Mississippi valley.—1st, 2d, 4th, 6th, 9th, 11th, 12th, 13th, 17th to 26th, 28th, 29th, 30th.

Missouri valley.—3d, 6th, 16th to 19th, 24th, 29th.

Middle Pacific.—2d, 3d, 7th, 9th, 10th, 11th, 13th to 16th, 18th, 20th, 27th, 28th 29th.

South Pacific.—1st, 2d, 6th, 7th, 15th to 18th, 22d, 27th, 28th.